

**Attachment I**

**Stack Test Data from  
Hoosick Falls, NY Facility**



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### *Project Background*

Name of Plant/Owner	Furon
Source Tested	Towers 1, 2, 5, 7 and Lamcal
Location of Source Tested	Hoosick Falls, New York
Type of Process Tested	Manufacturing Process
Type of Testing Performed	EPA Methods 1-4 - Volumetric Flow Rate EPA Method 3 - Oxygen, Carbon Dioxide EPA Method 26A - Hydrogen Fluoride EPA Method 26A - Ammonia EPA Method 18 - Volatile Organics EPA Method 0030 - VOST Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate
Test Dates	May 7-8, 1997 August 4, 1997 September 16-17, 1997
Representative of Furon:	Mr. Kenneth Lenseth
Project Manager	Mr. Robert Anderson
Field Project Manager	Mr. George Bailey



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## ***1.0 Introduction***

Adirondack Environmental Services, Inc., conducted emissions testing at the Furon facility located in Hoosick Falls, New York. Testing was performed on May 7-8, August 4 and September 16-17, 1997 to determine exhaust gas concentrations of particulates, chromium, hydrogen fluoride, ammonia, ammonium perfluoro-octanate and Volatile Organic Compounds from various process sources. The purpose of the test program was to identify emission components originating from process exhausts.

## ***2.0 Source Description***

The Furon facility is located in Hoosick Falls, New York. Six emission points were sampled over several days between May and September. The following is a list of the emission points, dates sampled and nominal source descriptions.

<u>Stack Emission Point</u>	<u>Source Description</u>	<u>Dates Sampled</u>
Tower 1 - EPM1	IR Heated, Unabated, 900 CFM, 290 °F	5/7/97
Tower 2 Inlet - EPM9	Indirect Hot Air, Abated with a Fisher Klosterman Cyclonic Water Scrubber, Model MS300, 4500 CFM, 400 °F	5/7/97, 9/17/97
Tower 2 Outlet - EPM9	Indirect Hot Air, Abated with a Fisher Klosterman Cyclonic Water Scrubber, Model MS300, 4500 CFM, 400 °F	5/7/97, 9/17/97
Tower 5 - EPM4	IR Heated, Unabated, 900 CFM, 200°F	9/16/97
Tower 7 - EPM7	IR Heated, Unabated, 760 CFM, 200°F	8/4/97
Lamcal	Gas Fired Laminator	9/16/97



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### **3.0 Sampling Methods**

All CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> testing was performed in accordance with EPA RM 3. Exhaust gas volumetric flow rate measurements were performed in accordance with EPA RMs 1 through 4. Particulate testing was performed using RM 5. Chromium testing was accomplished using a modified RM 12 procedure. Volatile Organics testing was performed using EPA RM 18 procedures and EPA Method 0030. The Hydrofluoric Acid and Ammonia testing was performed using EPA RM 26A. The testing for Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate was accomplished using a modified EPA Method 0030. The following provides more details of these procedures.

#### **3.1 Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>), Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)**

The oxygen and carbon dioxide concentration was determined in accordance with EPA RM 3. An ORSAT analyzer is used to perform testing. The sample gas was collected using a pump and Tedlar bag collection system. The O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> are analyzed by reacting with the chemical reagents in the ORSAT analyzer. The oxygen and carbon dioxide levels are determined and these results subtracted from 100 % to yield the % Nitrogen.

#### **3.2 Particulates and Volumetric Flow Rate Determination**

The exhaust gas volumetric flow rate was determined in conjunction with each test run and in accordance with EPA RMs 1 through 4. In accordance with EPA RM 1 measurement criteria, the traverse points for the isokinetically sampled parameters were determined for each test run. Velocity differential, pressure and temperature were measured at each traverse point.

A Type "s" pitot tube was used for measuring stack gas velocity and a Type "k" thermocouple was used for measuring gas temperature as described in EPA RM 2. Exhaust gas concentrations of O<sub>2</sub> and carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) were determined using EPA RM 3A procedures. Exhaust gas moisture concentrations were determined in conjunction with EPA RM 5 procedures. A measured volume of stack gas was drawn through a condenser system. The net increase in the weight of the condenser system (impinger train and drying tube) was recorded as the volume of water collected (1 gram = 1 ml). This data was used to determine exhaust gas, dry and wet molecular weight, which was used in calculating the stack gas volumetric flow rate as actual cubic feet per minute (ACFM) and dry standard cubic feet per minute (DSCFM). Volumetric flow rate determinations are required for the calculation of mass emission rates in units of pounds per hour (lb/hr). Further detailed descriptions of the sampling procedures can be found in Appendix C.



### *3.0 Sampling Methods, continued*

#### **3.3 Ammonia and Hydrofluoric Acid**

Gaseous and particulate pollutants are withdrawn isokinetically from the source and sampled through a heated probe and filter assembly and finally condensed into impingers. The filter collects particulate matter including halide salts. The gaseous sample continues into two impingers containing an acidic collection media and two impingers containing a basic media. The acidic and alkaline absorbing solutions collect the gaseous hydrogen halides and halogens, respectively. The filter and the impinger solutions are each analyzed for hydrofluoric acid and ammonia. The hydrofluoric acid is analyzed via Ion Chromatography and the ammonia is analyzed by an automated colorimetric procedure. The results of these tests are summarized in Appendix E.

#### **3.4 Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate**

Gaseous pollutants are withdrawn at a rate of approximately 1 liter/min from the source and sampled through a glass-lined probe and a Volatile Organics Sampling Train (VOST). The gas stream is cooled by passing through a condenser at 20 °C and then collected on two sorbent resin traps. The sorbent resin traps used for this compound contained silica gel. The silica gel sorbent tubes are desorbed using methanol and this extract is then analyzed by Gas Chromatography with a Flame Ionizing Detector (GC-FID). The results of this test are summarized in Appendix E.

#### **3.5 Chromium**

Sampling for this parameter was accomplished using a modified EPA Method 12. Gaseous and particulate pollutants are withdrawn isokinetically from the source and sampled through a heated probe and filter assembly and finally condensed into impingers. The filter collects particulate matter. The gaseous sample continues into two impingers containing 0.1 N Nitric Acid. The filter and the impinger solutions are each analyzed for Chromium. The Chromium is analyzed via Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission (ICP). The results of these tests are summarized in Appendix E.



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### *3.0 Sampling Methods, continued*

#### **3.6 Volatile Organics Method 18**

Samples are collected by means of drawing stack gases through charcoal tubes using a leak-free vacuum pump. The pump has a calibrated critical orifice giving a constant sampling rate during the testing. The charcoal tubes are eluted using Carbon Disulfide and this is analyzed by a Gas Chromatograph equipped with a Photo-ionizing Detector and a Hall Detector. The Hall detector is selective for the chlorinated compounds present. Sample volume collected is corrected to standard conditions for final calculations.

#### **3.7 Volatile Organics EPA Method 0030**

Samples are collected by means of a Volatile Organics Sampling Train (VOST). This apparatus consists of a glass probe placed in the gas stream, a condenser for water droplets present, suitable sampling media and a leak free vacuum pump. The sampling media used for this testing consisted of Poropak. The meter coefficient corrects sampling volume based on meter performance. Samples collected are thermally desorbed and analyzed by a Gas Chromatograph / Mass Spectrometer (TD/GC/MS). Sample volume collected is corrected to standard conditions for final calculations.

#### **3.8 Additional Parameters**

Sampling was also performed for Particle Size Distribution by Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) and Infrared Spectroscopy for organic constituents. This was only performed for the first set of samples from 5/7/97 and 5/8/97. The results for these tests are summarized in the reports supplied in the Laboratory Reports section of this report (Appendix F).



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### *3.0 Sampling Methods, continued*

#### **3.9 Quality Assurance/Quality Control**

All test equipment was calibrated before or during use in the field. Interference checks and response time checks were performed on each analyzer (as applicable) and the entire measurement system before field use. In the field, each analyzer and the entire sampling system were calibrated immediately before and following each test run using EPA Protocol No. 1 gas standards, traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NITS) reference materials. The dry gas meter/orifice module was calibrated before this test program, with a post-test calibration check also performed. Pitots were likewise calibrated before field use and inspected for damage during the test program. Thermometers, thermocouples, and temperature readouts are routinely calibrated upon receipt and immediately following any damage/repair; post-test QA checks of this instrumentation were also performed. Copies of these field calibrations are included in Appendix D. The certifications of the gas standards used during the test program are provided in Appendix G.



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## 4.0 Results Summary

**Table 1**  
**Summary of Average Results**  
**Furon**  
**Hoosick Falls, New York**

Emission Point	Particulate (lb/hr)	Hydrogen Fluoride (lb/hr)	Ammonia (lb/hr)	Ammonium Perfluoro- octanate (lb/hr)
Tower 1	0.110			
Tower 2 Inlet	0.041	< 0.003	0.003	< 0.0012
Tower 2 Outlet	0.050	< 0.003	0.001	< 0.0007
Tower 5	0.126	< 0.006	0.081	< 0.0013
Tower 7	0.033	< 0.001	0.0005	< 0.002
Lamcal	0.207	0.004	0.007	< 0.0023



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*Appendix E*

*Field Data and Calculations*

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 1**  
**5/7/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.90
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.80
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.35

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1182	2008	16.4	142	92.9
2	1144	1944	16.1	146	93.8
3		0			
ave.	1163	1976	16.3	144	—

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	35.256	0.998	30.3	30.35	0.013
2	34.409	0.974	19.5	20.01	0.009
3					
ave.	—	—	—	25.18	0.011

Particulate emission rate		
lb/hr	g/hr	
0.134	60.896946	
0.086	38.864853	
0.110	49.881	

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Inlet**  
**5/7/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.70
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.50
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.60

  

Run	Gas Flow Rate	Gas Velocity	Stack	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh	fps	
1	2060	3500	69.3	472
2	2128	3616	71.9	477
3	0			
ave.	2094	3558	70.6	474

  

Run	Sample Volume	Part. Catch	Particulate Concentration	grain/dscf
	dscf	dscm	mg	
1	46.904	1.328	18.2	0.006
2	48.834	1.383	16.2	0.005
3	0			
ave.	—	—	12.71	0.006

  

Particulate emission rate	
lb/hr	g/hr
0.106	47.9225
0.093	42.3247
0.099	45.124

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions  
Furon  
Tower 2 Outlet  
5/7/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.10
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.10
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.10

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1658	2816	18.5	176	92.6
2	1363	2315	16.8	243	110.2
3		0			
ave.	1510	2566	17.7	209	—

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	35.348	1.001	106.9	106.79	0.047
2	34.592	0.980	100.3	102.38	0.045
3					
ave.	—	—	—	104.59	0.046

**Particulate emission rate**

lb/hr      g/hr

0.663      300.53

0.522      236.844

0.592      268.687

**Sample Calculations:**

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 7**  
**8/4/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.29
2	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.51
3				
ave.	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.40

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity	Stack	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh	fps	Temp. (°F)	
1	2081	3536	29.5	162	92.9
2	1976	3357	28.2	164	93.9
3					
ave.	2029	3446	28.9	163	—

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm	mg	mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	66.134	1.873	11.0	5.87	0.003
2	63.490	1.798	4.9	2.73	0.001
3					
ave.	—	—	—	4.30	0.002

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.046	20.7495373
2	0.020	9.14210356
3		
ave.	0.033	14.946

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonia Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 7**  
**8/4/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.29
2	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.51
3				
ave.	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.40

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	2081	3536	29.5	162	92.9
2	1976	3357	28.2	164	93.9
3					
ave.	2029	3446	28.9	163	—

Run	Sample Volume		NH <sub>3</sub> Catch mg	Ammonia Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	66.134	1.873	0.136	0.073	0.00003
2	63.490	1.798	0.111	0.062	0.00003
3					
ave.	—	—	—	0.067	0.00003

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.0006	0.2565
2	0.0005	0.2071
3		
ave.	0.0005	0.2318

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 7**  
**8/4/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.29
2	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.51
3				
ave.	79.10	20.80	0.10	1.40

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	2081	3536	29.5	162	92.9
2	1976	3357	28.2	164	93.9
3					
ave.	2029	3446	28.9	163	—

Run	Sample Volume		HF Catch mg	Hydrogen Fluoride Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	66.134	1.873	< 0.211	< 0.113	< 0.000049
2	63.490	1.798	< 0.232	< 0.129	< 0.000056
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.121	< 0.000053

Run	Hydrogen Fluoride emission rate	
	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.001	< 0.398
2	< 0.001	< 0.433
3		
ave.	< 0.001	< 0.415

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 7**  
**8/4/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.29
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.51
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.40

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)
	dscfm	dscmh		
1	2081	3536	29.5	162
2	1976	3357	28.2	164
3				
ave.	2029	3446	28.9	163

Run	Sample Volume		Total Catch mg	Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	1.321	0.037	< 0.010	< 0.267	< 0.00012
2	1.300	0.037	< 0.010	< 0.272	< 0.00012
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.269	< 0.00012

Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.002	< 0.945
2	< 0.002	< 0.911
3		
ave.	< 0.002	< 0.928

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Lamcal**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	3.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.00
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.60

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	3296	5600	41.9	100	97.6
2	3129	5317	39.7	96	95.2
3					
ave.	3213	5458	40.8	98	-----

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	45.942	1.301	12.0	9.22	0.0040
2	42.979	1.217	31.2	25.63	0.0112
3					
ave.	-----	-----	-----	17.43	0.0076

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.114	51.606
2	0.300	136.176
3		
ave.	0.207	93.891

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonia Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Lamcal**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	3.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.00
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.60

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	3296	5600	41.9	100	97.6
2	3129	5317	39.7	96	95.2
3					
ave.	3213	5458	40.8	98	—

Run	Sample Volume		NH <sub>3</sub> Catch mg	Ammonia Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	45.942	1.301	0.27	0.21	0.00009
2	42.979	1.217	1.26	1.04	0.00045
3					
ave.	—	—	—	0.62	0.00027

Ammonia emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.003	1.161
2	0.012	5.499
3		
ave.	0.007	3.330

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Lamcal**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	3.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.00
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.60

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	3296	5599	41.9	100	97.6
2	3159	5367	39.7	96	95.2
3					
ave.	3227	5483	40.8	98	—

Run	Sample Volume		HF Catch mg	Hydrogen Fluoride Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	45.942	1.301	0.540	0.415	0.000181
2	42.979	1.217	0.326	0.268	0.000117
3					
ave.	—	—	—	0.341	0.000149

Run	Hydrogen Fluoride emission rate	
	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.005	2.322
2	0.003	1.437
3		
ave.	0.004	1.879

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Lamcal**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	3.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	0.00
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	1.60

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)
	dscfm	dscmh		
1	3296	5599	41.9	100
2	3159	5367	39.7	96
3				
ave.	3227	5483	40.8	98

Run	Sample Volume		Total Catch mg	Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	1.915	0.054	< 0.010	< 0.184	< 0.000081
2	1.844	0.052	< 0.010	< 0.191	< 0.000084
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.188	< 0.000082

Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.0023	< 1.032
2	< 0.0023	< 1.027
3		
ave.	< 0.0023	< 1.029

**Sample Calculations:**

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

## Summary of Particulate Emissions

Furon  
Tower 5  
9/16/97

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	31.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	33.80
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	32.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	1832	3112	22.9	146	104.5
2	1860	3160	23.6	152	99.0
3					
ave.	1846	3136	23.3	149	-----

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	24.225	0.686	10.1	14.72	0.0064
2	23.313	0.660	14.3	21.66	0.0095
3					
ave.	-----	-----	-----	18.19	0.0079

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.101	45.783
2	0.151	68.398
3		
ave.	0.126	57.090

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonia Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 5**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	31.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	33.80
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	32.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	1832	3112	22.9	146	104.5
2	1860	3160	23.6	152	99.0
3					
ave.	1846	3136	23.3	149	-----

Run	Sample Volume		NH <sub>3</sub> Catch mg	Ammonia Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	24.225	0.686	9.24	13.47	0.0059
2	23.313	0.660	6.67	10.10	0.0044
3					
ave.	-----	-----	-----	11.79	0.0051

Ammonia emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.092	41.885
2	0.070	31.903
3		
ave.	0.081	36.894

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm(7\% O}_2\text{)} = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm(12\% CO}_2\text{)} = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 5**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	31.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	33.80
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	32.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1832	3112	22.9	146	104.5
2	1860	3160	23.6	152	99.0
3					
ave.	1846	3136	23.3	149	—

Run	Sample Volume		HF Catch mg	Hydrogen Fluoride Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	24.225	0.686	< 0.560	< 0.816	< 0.000357
2	23.313	0.660	< 0.560	< 0.848	< 0.000371
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.832	< 0.000364

## Hydrogen Fluoride emission rate

Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	—	—
2	< 0.006	< 2.538
3	—	—
ave.	< 0.006	< 2.679

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{mg/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

Summary of Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Emissions  
**Furon**  
**Tower 5**  
**9/16/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	31.20
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	33.80
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	32.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)
	dscfm	dscmh		
1	1832	3112	22.9	146
2	1860	3160	23.6	152
3				
ave.	1846	3136	23.3	149

Run	Sample Volume		Total Catch mg	Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	1.824	0.052	< 0.010	< 0.194	< 0.000085
2	1.942	0.055	< 0.010	< 0.182	< 0.000079
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.188	< 0.000082

Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.0013	< 0.602
2	< 0.0013	< 0.574
3		
ave.	< 0.0013	< 0.588

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Inlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	18.70
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	10.30
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	14.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	1524	2589	54.4	516	100.4
2	1538	2613	54.4	511	99.2
3					
ave.	1531	2601	54.4	513	—

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	34.894	0.988	10.1	10.22	0.0045
2	34.790	0.985	4.2	4.26	0.0019
3					
ave.	—	—	—	7.24	0.0032

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.058	26.446
2	0.025	11.129
3		
ave.	0.041	18.787

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonia Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Inlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	18.70
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	10.30
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	14.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack	
	dscfm	dscmh		Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
1	1524	2589	54.4	516	100.4
2	1538	2613	54.4	511	99.2
3					
ave.	1531	2601	54.4	513	---

Run	Sample Volume		NH <sub>3</sub> Catch mg	Ammonia Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	34.894	0.988	0.53	0.54	0.0002
2	34.790	0.985	0.48	0.49	0.0002
3					
ave.	—	—	—	0.51	0.0002

Ammonia emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.003	1.388
2	0.003	1.272
3		
ave.	0.003	1.330

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Inlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	18.70
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	10.30
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	14.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1524	2589	54.4	516	100.4
2	1538	2613	54.4	511	99.2
3					
ave.	1531	2601	54.4	513	—

Run	Sample Volume		HF Catch mg	Hydrogen Fluoride Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	34.894	0.988	< 0.560	< 0.567	< 0.000248
2	34.790	0.985	< 0.560	< 0.568	< 0.000248
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.568	< 0.000248

Run	Hydrogen Fluoride emission rate	
	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.003	< 1.466
2	< 0.003	< 1.484
3		
ave.	< 0.003	< 1.475

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Inlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	18.70
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	10.30
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	14.50

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)
	dscfm	dscmh		
1	1524	2590	54.4	516
2	1538	2613	54.4	511
3				
ave.	1531	2601	54.4	513

Run	Sample Volume		Total Catch mg	Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	1.754	0.050	< 0.010	< 0.201	< 0.000088
2	1.729	0.049	< 0.010	< 0.204	< 0.000089
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.203	< 0.000089

Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.0011	< 0.521
2	< 0.0012	< 0.533
3		
ave.	< 0.0012	< 0.527

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Particulate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Outlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.25
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	7.87
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.06

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1097	1864	13.5	236	102.3
2	1051	1785	12.6	223	101.8
3					
ave.	1074	1825	13.1	229	—

Run	Sample Volume		Part. Catch mg	Particulate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	26.548	0.752	4.8	6.38	0.0028
2	25.287	0.716	13.3	18.57	0.0081
3					
ave.	—	—	—	12.48	0.0055

Particulate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.026	11.894
2	0.073	33.125
3		
ave.	0.050	22.510

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonia Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Outlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.25
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	7.87
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.06

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity	Stack	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh	fps	Temp. (°F)	
1	1097	1864	13.5	236	102.3
2	1051	1785	12.6	223	101.8
3					
ave.	1074	1825	13.1	229	—

Run	Sample Volume		NH <sub>3</sub> Catch	Ammonia Concentration	
	dscf	dscm	mg	mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	26.548	0.752	0.25	0.33	0.0001
2	25.287	0.716	0.17	0.24	0.0001
3					
ave.	—	—	—	0.28	0.0001

Ammonia emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	0.001	0.620
2	0.001	0.423
3		
ave.	0.001	0.521

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

Summary of Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions  
Furon  
Tower 2 Outlet  
9/17/97

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.25
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	7.87
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.06

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)	Isokin. %
	dscfm	dscmh			
1	1097	1864	13.5	236	102.3
2	1051	1785	12.6	223	101.8
3					
ave.	1074	1825	13.1	229	—

Run	Sample Volume		HF Catch mg	Hydrogen Fluoride Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	26.548	0.752	< 0.560	< 0.745	< 0.000325
2	25.287	0.716	< 0.560	< 0.782	< 0.000342
3					
ave.	—	—	—	< 0.763	< 0.000334

## Hydrogen Fluoride emission rate

Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.003	< 1.388
2	< 0.003	< 1.395
3		
ave.	< 0.003	< 1.391

## Sample Calculations:

$$gr/dscf = mg/(dscf \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$mg/dscm(7\% \text{ O}_2) = mg/dscm \times [13.8/(20.9 - \% \text{ O}_2)]$$

$$mg/dscm(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = mg/dscm \times [12/(\% \text{ CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$

Table #

**Summary of Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Emissions**  
**Furon**  
**Tower 2 Outlet**  
**9/17/97**

Run	Gas Composition, Dry			Moisture % Wet
	%N2	%O2	%CO2	
1	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.25
2	79.10	20.90	0.00	7.87
3				
ave.	79.10	20.90	0.00	8.06

Run	Gas Flow Rate		Gas Velocity fps	Stack Temp. (°F)
	dscfm	dscmh		
1	1097	1864	13.5	236
2	1051	1785	12.6	223
3				
ave.	1074	1825	13.1	229

Run	Sample Volume		Total Catch mg	Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate Concentration	
	dscf	dscm		mg/dscm	grain/dscf
1	1.827	0.052	< 0.010	< 0.193	< 0.000084
2	2.049	0.058	< 0.010	< 0.172	< 0.000075
3					
ave.				< 0.183	< 0.000080

Ammonium Perfluoro-octanate emission rate		
Run	lb/hr	g/hr
1	< 0.0008	< 0.360
2	< 0.0007	< 0.307
3		
ave.	< 0.0007	< 0.334

## Sample Calculations:

$$\text{gr/dscf} = \text{mg}/(\text{dscf} \times 64.8 \text{ mg/gr})$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(7\% \text{ O}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [13.9/(20.9 - \% \text{O}_2)]$$

$$\text{mg/dscm}(12\% \text{ CO}_2) = \text{mg/dscm} \times [12/(\% \text{CO}_2)]$$

$$\text{lb/hr} = (\text{mg} \times \text{dscfm} \times 60)/(\text{dscf} \times 453600)$$